

EU energy efficiency policy context

LIFE EU Info days. Clean Energy Transition Programme

2021

Carlos Sanchez Rivero, DG ENER B2

Team Leader, Financing for Energy Efficiency

Policy context- The European Green Deal

New climate target: -55% Mobilising research and fostering innovation Transforming the EU's economy for a A zero pollution ambition Increasing the EU's Climate sustainable future for a toxic-free environment ambition for 2030 and 2050 Preserving and restoring Supplying clean, affordable The ecosystems and biodiversity and secure energy European Green From 'Farm to Fork': a fair, Mobilising industry healthy and environmentally Deal for a clean and circular economy friendly food system Building and renovating in an Accelerating the shift to And leave energy and resource efficient way sustainable and smart mobility No one behind Leave no one behind Financing the transition (Just Transition) The EU as a A European global leader **Climate Pact**



Increasing climate ambition

Increasing the EU's Climate ambition for 2030 and 2050

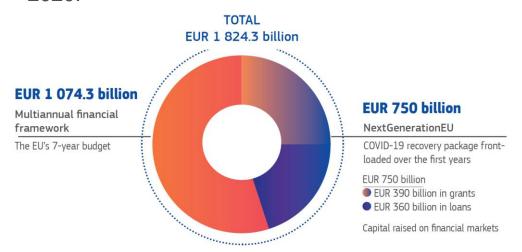
- European 'Climate Law' enshrining the 2050 climate neutrality objective in legislation by March 2020
- Comprehensive plan to increase the EU's climate target for 2030 to at least 50% and towards 55% in a responsible way by October 2020
- Review and revise where needed the Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Directive by June 2021
- Carbon border adjustment mechanism for selected sectors by 2021.
- Offhore wind initiative in 2020



EU Recovery package and Next MFF 2021 -2027. A unique opportunity to scale-up investments in energy efficiency

Additional resources

- Out of the total 1.800 billion euro (NGEU + MFF 2021-2027), 30% of these resources, around 550 billion euro, earmarked to deliver the climate goals of the European Green Deal.
- Energy efficiency plays a key role in clean energy transition.
- The resources dedicated to climate action have more than doubled compared with the period 2014-2020.



Multiple benefits

- Creates local jobs, stimulates local investments, and supports SMEs (who count for 95% of the construction sector in 2018).
- Strong energy efficiency policies can contribute between 0.25 and 1.1% to GDP growth.
- In industry generate productivity and operational benefits up to 2.5 times the value of energy savings.
- Social and affordable housing is a beneficial countercyclical intervention.



Support from the EU budget to unlock investment into energy efficiency

EU Budget for Direct Investments

- Recovery and Resilient Facility
- Cohesion Policy Funds (ERDF, ESF, EU-REACT)
- Just Transition Mechanism - JTF

To leverage private investments

- InvestEU
- Private Financing4 Energy Efficiency
- European Energy Efficiency Fund

for Research & Innovation

- Horizon Europe
- Built 4 people
- Innovation Fund
- EGD Calls
- Smart Cities

To address Market Barriers

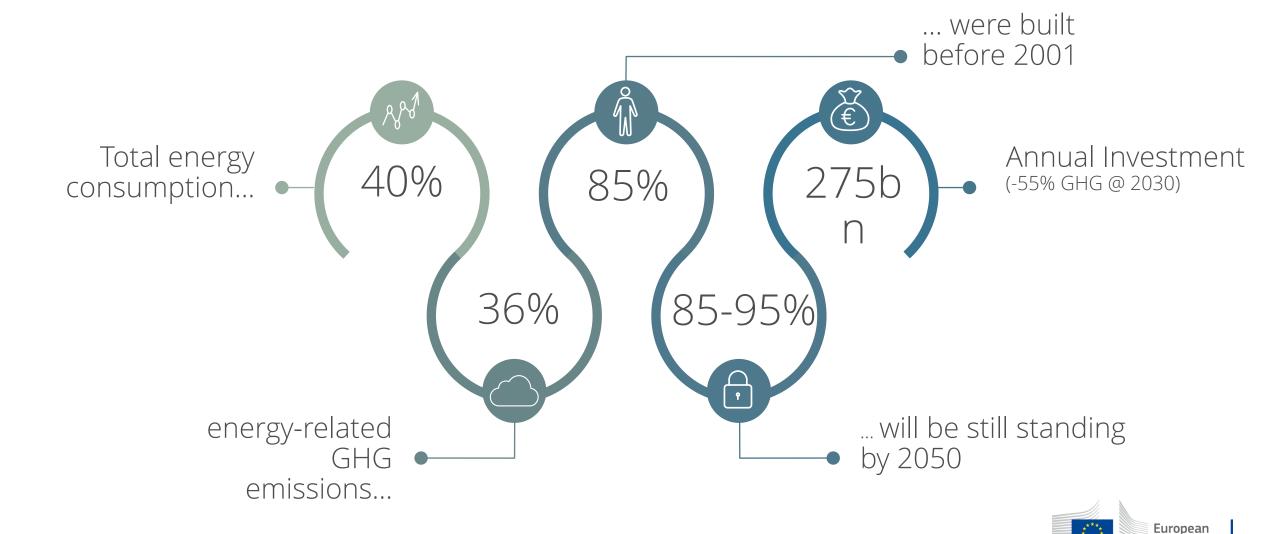
- LIFE Clean Energy Transition
- LIFE Circular Economy & Quality of Life

For Technical Assistance and Advisory

- ELENA Facility
- Technical Support Instrument
- Technical Support Cohesion Policy



Buildings in numbers



Commission

Create

Double the renovation rate by 2030

12-18 local jobs per million euro invested

-60% greenhouse gas emissions

-14% energy consumption

-18% heating and cooling

Reduce



Renovation of **35 million** buildings



EU funding driving investment for renovations



Recovery and Resilience Facility (EUR 672.5 billion, 37% climate initiatives) and including European Flagships "Renovate" and "Power Up".



Cohesion Policy Funds (proposed budget of EUR 330 billion) better targeted on delivering high energy performance, in line with NECPs and LTRSs objectives.



InvestEU dedicated financial products for energy renovation of buildings and EIB Initiative for Building Renovation support for the aggregation into portfolios of building renovation projects.



Facilitate **combined solutions** for project promoters, including clearer and easier **State Aid rules** (Ongoing revision of the General Block Exemption Regulation and Energy and Environmental Aid Guidelines)



Attracting private investments and stimulate green loan financing

- Developing financing solutions with high potential to be scaledup/innovative. Reinforcing the role of main aggregators: financial institutions, utilities, ESCOs.
 - Supporting the activation of private-sector investments at national and European level through EEFIG and SEI Forums.
 - Spur the development of **green loan and mortgage financing.** standards and labels for sustainable financial products: green mortgages, green loans and green bonds.
 - Supporting de-risking energy efficiency investments. Proposal to incorporate environmental, social and governance (ESG) risks into the Capital Requirements law and the Solvency II Directive
 - Consider the introduction of a 'deep renovation' standard as part of the EPBD revision and in line with the development of the EU Taxonomy.





Increasing capacity and technical assistance



"Preparing a good renovation project, matched with the best financing sources available, is difficult and often very complicated for individuals or small local authorities. Thus, technical assistance is going to play a key role for the expected increased rates and quality of renovation."

"one-stop shops that can be deployed quickly at national, regional or local levels for delivering tailored advice and financing solutions designed to accompany homeowners or SMEs throughout the preparation and implementation of their projects."

(RW Communication).

European Commission

Thank you for your attention



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