







Landeshauptstadt Düsseldorf









Toulouse : South-west of France



Toulouse, overheating city

- The average annual temperature raised by +1,8°C in 60 years (1960-2020)
- Summer 2022 :
 - Average daily maximum temperatures : 31,5°C
 - 24 days (instead of 11 normally) beyond 35°C
- Summer 2023 records a new all-time high: 42,4°C



→ The summer in Toulouse is now similar to the normal summer in Athens !



0.4° ECMWF • 850-hPa Temperature (°C)



Climate projections (intermediate scenario RCP4.5)

- The rise of temperatures could reach +4°C in average by 2071-2100
- Heatwaves will be more frequent, and more intense
- An extension of the very dry period, which increases temperatures and limits evapotranspiration of vegetation



Evolution des débits en moyenne annuelle (Source : Agence de l'eau Adour-Garonne)

Répartition des projections Médiane des projections

Résultats médians provenant de 7 modèles climatiques simulant la période 2045-2065 Le fonds de carte Indique la médiane par sous bassin et le camembert la variabilité des résultats de simulation



A reduction of 50% of the low water level in the Garonne river basin



Sources : Météo France, Agence de l'Eau Adour-Garonne

Global warming is accentuating the Urban Heat Island effect (UHI)

Heat islands are urbanized areas that experience higher temperatures than outlying areas.

Structures such as buildings, roads, and other infrastructures absorb and re-emit the sun's heat, whereas natural landscapes such as forests and water bodies emit humidity.





In Toulouse, the measured nocturnal UHI is +4°C to +6°C

Intensité de l'îlot de

chaleur urbain à l'USR

exposition forte

1:140 000

exposition négligeable

exposition non négligeable







The island today

Before project An island saturated with its infrastructures

Despite the presence of a remarquable heritage, both natural and architectural, the island remains underestimated. The saturation and the fragmentation of spaces, the omnipresence of parking lots and roads, has marked the decline of nature in the past decades.

After project

A great natural and leisure park, developed in the spirit of the past



The « Parc Toulousain », early 20th century







133 TOULOUSE. - Le Parc Toulousain. - Une Kermesse. - LL.







LIFE Perimeter





+10 ha renaturated

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ Agence TER

Total area = 25ha In which 20ha are sealed

Renaturation of artificialized areas

• Main objective :

Reduce the heat island effect by -2°C in 2025 and -3°C in 2030

• Main actions implemented :

 Selective deconstruction of the exhibition parc (circular economy) and unsealing of **10 hectares**

- Agronomic **restoration of degraded soils**

- Plantations of **2500 trees** (local species adapted to climate change)



Artificialization ratio Source : Hekladonia

Renaturation of artificialized areas

- Indicators and expected impacts
- Heat island effect -3°C
- Carbon Dioxide Emissions -15%
- Fine Particules Emissions -25%
- Carbon capture 4,7 t/ha/year against 0.5 t/ha/year today



 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ Agence TER

Expansion of the riverside vegetation

Objective : Widening, strenghtening and protecting the riverside vegetation, with local riverside species of Garonne river.

> Foreseen in 2030 **x3** compared with today



Expansion of the riverside vegetation

Impacts

Restoration of the continuity and functionality of riparian forest



- Development of the aquatic and terrestral biodiversity
- Decreasing of flood risks



Expansion of the riverside vegetation



Ashes, alders, hazels, willows, poplars, elms, maples...





Alnus glutinosa - Aulne glutineux

Corulus avellana - Noisetier

Plantation of local and typical Garonne river vegetal species Wooden fence + awareness sign => Restrict human visits

Restoration of degraded soils

Sealed soil for 70 years = very degraded and dead soils

Revitalisation of soils to guarantee the longevity of the future plantations



Example of current soils, composed with anthropic and compact backfills over 60cm deep

Objective : rich soil with humus, abundance and diversity of micro-organisms...

Restoration of degraded soils

experimental plots





Implementation of 12 experimental plots testing various modalities of soil constructions and vegetation:

- ornamental grasslands
- mediterranean species
- Garonne alluvial woods

Example of experimental plot



H1 + compost + straw H2 + compost

H3 decompaction + removal of stones

Restoration of degraded soils



© Hekladonia

Rational utilization of imported topsoil :

- Revitalization of existing soil by decompaction, compost enrichment and inoculation of microorganisms
- Reducing the topsoil for tree pits from 12m³ to 6m³

➢ 47,000m³ needed instead of 93,000m³ (49% saved)

Renaturation of Vallerey parking lot in 2021



Unsealing and sowing of leguminous and grass plants, Vallerey parking lot









Today's progress of revegetation

Today 3,7 hectares

Unsealed soils are enriched with topsoil and compost, and sowed with leguminous and grass plants that fertilize the soil.





Circular economy approach : re-using and recycling

« Make the construction wastes into resources »

 Integration of circular economy criteria into the public call for tender (20% of the final mark)

 Synethic organized field visits with invited stakeholders to identify all relevant resources on site before the demolition





Recruiting a non-profit organization as consulting support, Synethic

Circular economy approach : re-using and recycling

✓ 98% of re-utilization in total (instead of 70% required by the law)

Crushing and re-using of 100% asphalt and concrete, into sublayer and surface of other roads in the city (20km radius maximum)



Re-using of electric material by the NGO « Electriciens du Monde » to fully equip a new site for homeless persons





Associated beneficiaries



Scientific partnerships



MétéoFrance monitors and studies the impacts of renaturation over the urban local climate : 14 new sensors implemented



WaltR monitors and studies the air quality over the island and its neighborhood



The Museum for Natural History of Toulouse monitors the island's biodiversity evolution



UNIVERSITÉ CAEN NORMANDIE The University of Caen Normandie is executing a sociological study on the project's perception by the residents

Institutional partnership





Landeshauptstadt Düsseldorf

Dusseldorf city and Toulouse are partners since 2003 and share best practices and events within the frame of the LIFE project : renaturation of cities and heat island effect, circular economy, exchanges with the city of Tunis

National Center for Meteorological Research

- Objectives
- Quantify the benefits of the park
- Model the effects of vegetation
- Add new stations for the climate monitoring of Toulouse
- Implementation
- Installation of 14 new stations
- Measures released on the OpenData
- Meteorological modelling









Museum for Natural History

MUSÉUN

• Objectives

- Monitoring the evolution of birds and flora over the whole island
- Implementation
- Birds inventories : 2 observations / year over 10 years
- 3 flora inventories : 2020, 2022 and 2025 / 5 spots



In 2023, **36 bird species observed**, against 21 in 2019





WaltR[®]

- Objectives
- Evaluate the evolution of air quality on the island and the whole city
- High resolution modelling (precision grid : 10m on the island)

- Implementation
- Installation of 6 micro-sensors on the island
- Installation of 1 multi-spectral imager camera on a high position
- Crossing data and build a prototype of fine scale modelling



University of Caen Normandie – **Geography** - sociology

Objectives

- Analyzing the evolution of the island's perception, appropriation and social representations before and after the project
- Implementation
- Qualitative studies with interviews
- Quantitative studies with surveys
- Research works, analyzes and reports



UNIVERSITÉ

UNI(AE



Landeshauptstadt Düsseldorf

Düsseldorf City

- Workshops on climate change adaptation of cities and sharing of good practices
- Simultaneous photo competition (Dussel / Garonne river landscaping projects)
- Seminaries (Eurocities...)
- Partnership with Tunis and the Climate Twins project (Düsseldorf-Toulouse-Tunis)
- Development of the cooperation between Toulouse and Düsseldorf











Waldschule Dusseldorf

Some more elements of the project...



Walkway (North-west)

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Playground area



Thank you for your attention

